UNSW research centre for primary health care and equity

Comparison of Canadian PHC models APHCRI 7 Traveling Fellowship

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This fellowship was funded by the Australian Primary Health Care Research Institute, which is supported by the Commonwealth Department of Health and Ageing



Canadian context

- Universal health insurance scheme
- Canada Health Transfer
- Drivers
 - Access
 - Fragmentation
 - PHC Transition Fund
- New service delivery models
 - Networked practices
 - Alternative payment mechanisms
 - Interprofessional collaboration



Overview of models

Family Health Teams (FHTs) Ontario	Family Medicine Groups (FMGs) Quebec
2005+ N=150 Groups of 8-10 GPs 16 types of AHPs 21% of pop'n registered Core & comprehensive PHC Funding for infrastructure (IT) & for AHPs	2002+ N=127 Groups of 8-10 GPs Nurses 13% of pop'n registered Coordinating care Funding for infrastructure, inc IT



Similarities

- Voluntary enrollment
- Funding arrangements
- Core and extended range of services
- Governance
- Evaluation strategy



Differences

- Incremental vs wholesale change
- Employment arrangements
- Team composition
- Support for culture change/team development
- Role of regional health authority



Implications for Australia

- Mix of models
- Pace & type of change
- Improving the coherence and coordination of the larger system
- An appropriate funding model
- Addressing accountability
- External support for interprofessional collaboration



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