

## AUSTRALIAN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE RESEARCH INSTITUTE



## OPTIMISING ALLIED HEALTH PSYCHOLOGICAL TREATMENTS IN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE: PILOTING A RANDOMISED CONTROLLED TRIAL OF SOCIAL WORKER TRAINING IN FOCUSED PSYCHOLOGICAL STRATEGIES (THE SW-fps STUDY)

NOSSAL INSTITUTE FOR GLOBAL HEALTH, THE UNIVERSITY OF MELBOURNE

AUSTRALIAN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE RESEARCH INSTITUTE, ANU COLLEGE OF MEDICINE, BIOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT, THE AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL UNIVERSITY

Armstrong G.
Blashki G.
Joubert L.
Gunn J.
Moulding R.
Bland R.
Naccarella L.

## POLICY CONTEXT

The SW-fps Study was part of a broader body of research which aims to improve access to evidence-based psychological treatments in primary health care. Over the last decade, major mental health reforms in Australia, such as the Better Outcomes and Better Access programs, have greatly increased community access to psychological treatments through a range of funding models designed to support provision of psychological treatments by allied health providers. More recently social workers, amongst other allied health professionals, are beginning to utilise the Medicare incentives to provide psychological treatments in primary mental health care.

## **KEY FINDINGS**

The SW-fps Study demonstrated a substantial and statistically significant effect of the training on both objective competence and subjective confidence. The research provided evidence that, with a targeted training intervention in focused psychological strategies, social workers can become competent at applying cognitive behavioural strategies. On average, those social workers who received the training intervention moved from below to above the base competency threshold.

The findings of this study are highly relevant to Australian mental health reforms which fund social workers to deliver focused psychological strategies, and also have implications more broadly for social work practice worldwide especially in primary mental health care settings. The paradigm of the training, based on practical cognitive behavioural strategies, creates an accessible skills base for social workers seeking to deliver effective brief interventions. Social workers appear to have a capacity to competently utilise focused psychological strategies once exposed to targeted training. Further research is required to examine the effect of the training intervention on patient outcomes, and on the competence of less experienced social workers.

For more details, go to the three page report

The research reported in this paper is a project of the Australian Primary Health Care Research Institute, which is supported by a grant from the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing under the Primary Health Care Research, Evaluation and Development Strategy. The information and opinions contained in it do not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing.